



Safety Data Sheet

Sadolin Quick Dry UV Protection Woodstain

Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by Regulation (EU) No. 2020/878 - Ireland / Northern Ireland

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Product name : Sadolin Quick Dry UV Protection Woodstain
Product identity : 0Q5UK00W60
Product type : waterborne acrylic stain

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Field of application : Protection and decoration of timber surfaces. Applied by brush. See container for details
Identified uses : Consumer applications, Professional applications.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

| | | |
|-------------------|---|--|
| Company details : | Sadolin Crown Paints Limited PO Box 37, Crown House Hollins Road, Darwen Lancashire, BB3 0BG Tel: 01254 704951 crownpaint.co.uk | Crown Paints Ireland Ltd. Unit 8A Coolmine Central Porters Road, Coolmine Ind Est Dublin 15, D15 AX9A Tel: 00353 1 8164400 |
|-------------------|---|--|

1.4 Emergency telephone number

Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation)
01254 704951 (08.00-17.00)
Contact Person: Product SHE Information Manager
Regulatory_Affairs@hempel.com

Ireland:
+353 (0)1 809 2166 (08.00-22.00) Seven days
National Poisons Information Centre
Beaumont Hospital, Dublin 9 DOV2NO, Ireland.

Date of issue : 28 February 2025
Date of previous issue : 28 February 2025.

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition : Mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Not classified.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

2.2 Label elements

Hazard pictograms :


Signal word : No signal word.

Hazard statements : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Precautionary statements :

General : Read label before use. Keep out of reach of children. If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

Hazardous ingredients : Not applicable.

Supplemental label elements :  Contains benzotriazol derivative, derivative of benzotriazol, 1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one, 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one, reaction mass of 5-chloro-2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one (3:1) and 2-methyl-1,2-Benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one. May produce an allergic reaction. Safety data sheet available on request.

Special packaging requirements

Containers to be fitted with child-resistant fastenings : Not applicable.

Tactile warning of danger : Not applicable.

SECTION 2: Hazards identification**2.3 Other hazards**

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

Other hazards which do not result in classification : None known.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**3.2 Mixtures**

| Product/ingredient name | Identifiers | % | Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP] | Type |
|---|--|---------|--|------|
| benzotriazol derivative | CAS: 104810-47-1 | <1 | Skin Sens. 1, H317 | [1] |
| derivative of benzotriazol | CAS: 104810-48-2 | <1 | Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 Skin Sens. 1, H317 | [1] |
| 3-iodo-2-propynyl butylcarbamate | REACH #: 01-2120762115-60 EC: 259-627-5 CAS: 55406-53-6 Index: 616-212-00-7 | <0.2 | Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 3, H331 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317 STOT RE 1, H372 (larynx) Aquatic Acute 1, H400 | [1] |
| 1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one | REACH #: 01-2120761540-60 EC: 220-120-9 CAS: 2634-33-5 Index: 613-088-00-6 | <0.1 | Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 2, H330 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1A, H317 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 | [1] |
| 2-methyl-1,2-Benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one | EC: 695-989-4 CAS: 2527-66-4 Index: 613-336-00-3 | <0.1 | Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 Acute Tox. 3, H301 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Skin Corr. 1C, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1A, H317 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 | [1] |
| reaction mass of 5-chloro-2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one (3:1) | REACH #: 01-2120764691-48 CAS: 55965-84-9 Index: 613-167-00-5 | <0.0025 | Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 EUH071 Acute Tox. 3, H301 Acute Tox. 2, H310 Acute Tox. 2, H330 Skin Corr. 1C, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1A, H317 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 | [1] |
| 2-methylisothiazol-3(2H)-one | REACH #: 01-2120764690-50 EC: 220-239-6 CAS: 2682-20-4 Index: 613-326-00-9 | <0.0015 | Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 EUH071 Acute Tox. 3, H301 Acute Tox. 3, H311 Acute Tox. 2, H330 Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1A, H317 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 | [1] |

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Biocides deplete naturally or have been chemically neutralised during the paint production process. The concentrations shown above, are before this depletion has taken place. Tests have been conducted, either on the actual batches or equivalent production batches. These tests show that post-production concentration is below the classification threshold.

Encapsulated / Embedded biocide technologies:

3-iodo-2-propynyl butylcarbamate (CAS: 55406-53-6): The classification, M-factor and/or limits with regards to environmental hazardous properties, skin and eye irritation, sensitisation reflect the quantity, subject to the classification of the mixture.

Type

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

| | |
|------------------------------|--|
| General : | In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. |
| Eye contact : | Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical attention. |
| Inhalation : | Remove to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Give nothing by mouth. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. |
| Skin contact : | Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognised skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. |
| Ingestion : | If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Lower the head so that vomit will not re-enter the mouth and throat. |
| Protection of first-aiders : | No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. |

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

| | |
|----------------|---|
| Eye contact : | No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| Inhalation : | No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| Skin contact : | No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| Ingestion : | No known significant effects or critical hazards. |

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

| | |
|----------------|-------------------|
| Eye contact : | No specific data. |
| Inhalation : | No specific data. |
| Skin contact : | No specific data. |
| Ingestion : | No specific data. |

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

| | |
|-----------------------|---|
| Notes to physician : | Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled. |
| Specific treatments : | No specific treatment. |

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

| | |
|-----------------------|--|
| Extinguishing media : | Recommended: alcohol resistant foam, CO ₂ , powders, water spray. Not to be used : waterjet. |
|-----------------------|--|

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

| | |
|---|---|
| Hazards from the substance or mixture : | In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst. |
| Hazardous combustion products : | Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides |

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Fire will produce dense black smoke. Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Cool closed containers exposed to fire with water. Do not release runoff from fire to drains or watercourses. Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Avoid all direct contact with the spilled material. Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If the product contaminates lakes, rivers, or sewers, inform the appropriate authorities in accordance with local regulations.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product.

6.4 Reference to other sections

See Section 1 for emergency contact information.

See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment.

See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Avoid inhalation of vapour, dust and spray mist. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in area where this material is handled, stored and processed. Appropriate personal protective equipment: see Section 8. Always keep in containers made from the same material as the original one.

Never use pressure to empty; the container is not a pressure vessel. Always keep in the same material as the supply container. Good housekeeping standards and regular safe removal of waste materials will minimise risks of spontaneous combustion and other fire hazards. The Manual Handling Operations Regulations may apply to the handling of containers of this product. Packs with a volume content of 5 litres or more may be marked with a maximum gross weight. To assist employers the following method of calculating the weight for any pack size is given. Take the pack size volume in litres and multiply this figure by the specific gravity (relative density) value given in section 9. This will give the net weight of the coating in kilograms. Allowance will then have to be made for the immediate packaging to give an approximate gross weight.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a cool, well-ventilated area away from incompatible materials and ignition sources. Keep out of the reach of children. Keep away from: Oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids. No smoking. Prevent unauthorized access. Containers that are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

Storage : Do not store below the following temperature: 5 °C

7.3 Specific end use(s)

See separate Product Data Sheet for recommendations or industrial sector specific solutions.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

| Product/ingredient name | Exposure limit values |
|-------------------------|---|
| propyleneglycol | NAOSH (Ireland, 4/2024) Notes: Advisory Occupational Exposure Limit Values (OELVs) OELV 8 hours: 10 mg/m ³ . Form: particulate. OELV 8 hours: 470 mg/m ³ . Form: vapour and particulates. OELV 8 hours: 150 ppm. Form: vapour and particulates. |

Biological exposure indices

| Product/ingredient name | Exposure limit values |
|--------------------------------|-----------------------|
| No exposure limit value known. | |

Recommended monitoring procedures

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

Arrange sufficient ventilation by local exhaust ventilation and good general ventilation to keep the airborne concentrations of vapors or dust lowest possible and below their respective threshold limit value. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are proximal to the work-station location.

Dry sanding, flame cutting and/or welding of the dry paint film will give rise to dust and/or hazardous fumes. Wet sanding/flattening should be used wherever possible. If exposure cannot be avoided by the provision of local exhaust ventilation, suitable respiratory protective equipment should be used.

Individual protection measures



| | |
|--------------------------|--|
| General : | Gloves must be worn for all work that may result in soiling. Apron/coveralls/protective clothing must be worn when soiling is so great that regular work clothes do not adequately protect skin against contact with the product. Safety eyewear should be used when there is a likelihood of exposure. |
| Hygiene measures : | Wash hands, forearms, and face thoroughly after handling compounds and before eating, smoking, using lavatory, and at the end of day. |
| Eye/face protection : | Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields. |
| Hand protection : | <p>Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee training. The quality of the chemical-resistant protective gloves must be chosen as a function of the specific workplace concentrations and quantity of hazardous substances.</p> <p>Since the actual work situation is unknown. Supplier of gloves should be contacted in order to find the appropriate type. Below listed glove(s) should be regarded as generic advice:</p> <p>Recommended: Silver Shield / Barrier / 4H gloves, nitrile rubber (>0.3 mm), neoprene rubber (>0.1 mm), butyl rubber (>0.5 mm), natural rubber (latex) (>0.4 mm), polyvinyl chloride (PVC), Viton®, nitrile rubber (>0.1 mm), butyl rubber (>0.3 mm)</p> <p>Short term exposure: polyvinyl alcohol (PVA)</p> |
| Body protection : | Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved handling this product. |
| Respiratory protection : | <p>Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. Be sure to use an approved/certified respirator or equivalent.</p> <p>This product contains low-boiling point liquids. Any respiratory protective equipment should be air-fed or organic vapor filter (Type AX).</p> |

Environmental exposure controls

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

| | |
|--------------------------------|--|
| Physical state : | Liquid. |
| Colour : | Various |
| Odour : | Non-characteristic. |
| pH : | 8.6 - 9.2 |
| Melting point/freezing point : | Testing not relevant or not possible due to nature of the product. |
| Boiling point/boiling range : | 100°C |
| Flash point : | Closed cup: 103°C (217.4°F) [Product does not sustain combustion.] |
| Evaporation rate : | Testing not relevant or not possible due to nature of the product. |
| Flammability : | Flammable in the presence of the following materials or conditions: open flames, sparks and static discharge and heat. |

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

| | |
|----------------------------------|--|
| Vapour pressure : | Not applicable. [50°C (122°F)] |
| Vapour density : | Not available. |
| Specific gravity : | 1.03 g/cm ³ |
| Partition coefficient (LogKow) : | Testing not relevant or not possible due to nature of the product. |
| Auto-ignition temperature : | Not available. |
| Decomposition temperature : | Testing not relevant or not possible due to nature of the product. |
| Viscosity : | Testing not relevant or not possible due to nature of the product. |
| Explosive properties : | Slightly explosive in the presence of the following materials or conditions: open flames, sparks and static discharge. |
| Oxidising properties : | Testing not relevant or not possible due to nature of the product. |

9.2 Other information

| | |
|--------------------------|------------------------|
| Solvent(s) % by weight : | Weighted average: 5 % |
| Water % by weight : | Weighted average: 61 % |

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**10.1 Reactivity**

No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

10.2 Chemical stability

The product is stable.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

No specific data.

10.5 Incompatible materials

Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidising materials.
Slightly reactive or incompatible with the following materials: reducing materials.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

When exposed to high temperatures (i.e. in case of fire) harmful decomposition products may be formed:

Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides

SECTION 11: Toxicological information**11.1 Information on toxicological effects**

The product has been assessed following the conventional method and is classified for toxicological hazards accordingly. This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short term and long term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.

Repeated or prolonged contact with the mixture may cause removal of natural fat from the skin, resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin.

If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage.

Acute toxicity

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Dose | Exposure |
|---|---------------------------------|-----------------------|-----------|----------|
| 1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one | LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists | Rat - Male, Female | 0.25 mg/l | 4 hours |
| reaction mass of 5-chloro-2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one (3:1) | LD50 Oral | Rat - Male | 670 mg/kg | - |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | 69 mg/kg | - |

Acute toxicity estimates

| Route | ATE value |
|------------------------------|-------------|
| Inhalation (dusts and mists) | 386.41 mg/l |

Irritation/Corrosion

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Score | Exposure |
|---|--|------------------|--------|-------------------|
| 1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one | Eyes - Severe irritant Skin - Irritant | Rabbit Rabbit | - - | - 4 hours |
| reaction mass of 5-chloro-2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one (3:1) | Skin - Mild irritant Eyes - Severe irritant | Rabbit Rabbit | - - | - - |
| | Skin - Severe irritant Skin - Severe irritant | Human Rabbit | - - | 0.01 Percent - |

Sensitiser

| Product/ingredient name | Route of exposure | Species | Result |
|---|-------------------|---------------------|----------------------------|
| 1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one | skin | Guinea pig | Sensitising |
| reaction mass of 5-chloro-2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one (3:1) | skin skin | Mouse Guinea pig | Sensitising Sensitising |

Mutagenic effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Carcinogenicity

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Reproductive toxicity

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Aspiration hazard

Not available.

Information on likely routes of exposure

Routes of entry anticipated: Oral, Dermal, Inhalation.

Potential chronic health effects**11.2 Information on other hazards**

Endocrine disrupting properties : The product does not meet the criteria to be considered as having endocrine disrupting properties according to the criteria set out in either Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 or Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008.

Other information : No additional known significant effects or critical hazards.

SECTION 12: Ecological information**12.1 Toxicity**

Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Exposure |
|---|---|--|--|
| 1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one | Acute EC50 0.11 mg/l Acute EC50 2.94 mg/l Acute LC50 10 - 20 mg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 1.6 mg/l Acute EC50 0.018 mg/l | Algae Daphnia Crustaceans - <i>Ceriodaphnia dubia</i> Fish Algae | 72 hours 48 hours 48 hours 96 hours 72 hours |
| reaction mass of 5-chloro-2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one (3:1) | Acute EC50 0.1 mg/l Acute LC50 0.188 mg/l Acute EC50 0.22 ppm Fresh water | Daphnia Fish - <i>Oncorhynchus mykiss</i> Algae - <i>Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata</i> | 48 hours 96 hours 96 hours |
| 2-methyl-1,2-Benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one | Acute EC50 0.92 ppm Fresh water Acute LC50 0.24 ppm Fresh water Chronic NOEC 0.16 ppm | Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i> Fish - <i>Oncorhynchus mykiss</i> - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling) Fish - <i>Pimephales promelas</i> | 48 hours 96 hours 32 days |

12.2 Persistence and degradability

| Product/ingredient name | Test | Result | Dose | Inoculum |
|---|--|------------------------------|------|----------|
| 1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one | - | 90 % - Readily - 28 days | - | - |
| reaction mass of 5-chloro-2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one (3:1) | OECD Ready Biodegradability - CO2 Evolution Test | 62 % - Not readily - 28 days | - | - |

SECTION 12: Ecological information

| Product/ingredient name | Aquatic half-life | Photolysis | Biodegradability |
|---|-------------------|------------|------------------------|
| 1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one reaction mass of 5-chloro-2-methyl- 2H-isothiazol-3-one and 2-methyl- 2H-isothiazol-3-one (3:1) | - - | - - | Readily Not readily |

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

| Product/ingredient name | LogP _{ow} | BCF | Potential |
|--|--------------------|--------------|------------|
| 1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one reaction mass of 5-chloro-2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one (3:1) | 1.3 <3 | 6.95 <100 | Low Low |

12.4 Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (K_{oc}) : No known data available in our database.

Mobility : No known data available in our database.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

The product does not meet the criteria to be considered as having endocrine disrupting properties according to the criteria set out in either Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 or Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008.

12.7 Other adverse effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**13.1 Waste treatment methods**

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Residues of the product is listed as hazardous waste. Dispose of according to all state and local applicable regulations. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.

European waste catalogue (EWC) : 08 01 11*

Packaging

Used containers, drained and/ or rigorously scraped out and containing dried residues of the supplied coating, are categorised as hazardous waste, with EWC code: 15 01 10*.

If mixed with other wastes, the above waste code may not be applicable.

SECTION 14: Transport information

Transport may take place according to national regulation or ADR for transport by road, RID for transport by train, IMDG for transport by sea, IATA for transport by air.

| | 14.1 UN no. | 14.2 Proper shipping name | 14.3 Transport hazard class(es) | 14.4 PG* | 14.5 Env* | 14.5 Additional information |
|----------------------|----------------|------------------------------|------------------------------------|-------------|--------------|--------------------------------|
| ADR/RID Class | Not regulated. | | - | - | No. | - |
| IMDG Class | Not regulated. | | - | - | No. | - |
| IATA Class | Not regulated. | | - | - | No. | - |

PG* : Packing group

Env.* : Environmental hazards

14.6 Special precautions for user

Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Not applicable.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information**15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture**

EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH) Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation - Substances of very high concern

Annex XIV

None of the components are listed.

Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed.

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

Not applicable.

Other EU regulations

This product is not controlled under the Seveso III Directive.

15.2 Chemical safety assessment

This product contains substances for which Chemical Safety Assessments are still required.

SECTION 16: Other information

✔ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Abbreviations and acronyms :

ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
 CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008]
 DNEL = Derived No Effect Level
 EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement
 PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration
 RRN = REACH Registration Number

Full text of abbreviated H statements :

H301 Toxic if swallowed.
 H302 Harmful if swallowed.
 H310 Fatal in contact with skin.
 H312 Harmful in contact with skin.
 H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
 H315 Causes skin irritation.
 H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.
 H318 Causes serious eye damage.
 H330 Fatal if inhaled.
 H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.
 H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
 H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
 EUH071 Corrosive to the respiratory tract.

Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS] :

Acute Tox. 2 ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 2
 Acute Tox. 3 ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 3
 Acute Tox. 4 ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 4
 Aquatic Acute 1 SHORT-TERM (ACUTE) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1
 Aquatic Chronic 1 LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1
 Aquatic Chronic 2 LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 2
 Eye Dam. 1 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 1
 Skin Corr. 1C SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1C
 Skin Irrit. 2 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2
 Skin Sens. 1 SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1
 Skin Sens. 1A SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1A

Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

| Classification | Justification |
|-----------------|---------------|
| Not classified. | |

Notice to reader

The information contained in this safety data sheet is based on the present state of knowledge and EU and national legislation. It provides guidance on health, safety and environmental aspects for handling the product in a safe way and should not be construed as any guarantee of the technical performance or suitability for particular applications.

It is always the duty of the user/employer to ascertain that the work is planned and carried out in accordance with the national regulations.